



دانشگاه تربیت دبیر شهید رجائی

زبان انگلیسی جبرانی

(دانشجویان نیمه حضوری)

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Brush up your English

Part-time students

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**IN THE
NAME OF
ALLAH**

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Abbreviations

علائم و نشانه‌ها

n. (noun)	اسم
Adj. (adjective)	صفت
Adv.(adverb)	قید
v. (verb)	فعل
prep. (preposition)	حرف اضافه

نشانه‌های فوق در کنار واژگان داخل کادر در متن درس به کار گرفته شده‌اند. ضمناً شماره‌های داخل پرانتز از قبیل آنچه در تمرین واژگان (مثلاً، صفحه ۷) به کار رفته است به شماره پاراگراف متن درس دلالت می‌کند.

Lesson 1

How does a windfall happen?

Sue Kay & Vaughan Jones, 2000.



A. Warm-up

1. What kind of people are those who wear masks and carry guns?
2. What kind of behavior is it to shout at others?

1 One day, a few years ago, David Smith was working on his afternoon **shift** as a taxi driver. It was a warm day in August. On this **particular** day he was driving his black **cab** around the **financial center** of London. He had stopped to buy a newspaper and was just getting back into his taxi when two men came running by. They were both wearing masks and had guns in their hands. They suddenly opened the doors of the taxi and told David to drive as fast as he could.

shift <i>n.</i> turn	particular <i>adj.</i> special	cab <i>n.</i> taxi
financial <i>adj.</i> economic; of money		center <i>n.</i> middle

2 The two men were very **nervous** and one was shouting at the other. One of them was, in fact, so nervous that he was crying. David just drove, he didn't know what to do. He was completely surprised. **Luckily**, that part of London is not that busy on a Saturday and so they quickly got away from the **scene** of the **crime**.

nervous *adj.* worried

luckily *adv.* happily **scene** *n.* view; sight; place **crime** *n.* wrong doing

3 However, the two men continued to **argue** and shout at each other. They were both **swearing** and shouting and suddenly one of them hit the other and then jumped out of the taxi. The other one **immediately** got out and **chased** after him. David quickly drove away. He was feeling sick from being so nervous but he couldn't stop driving. He drove for at least 20 minutes until he felt **safe**. He then stopped the taxi and got out. He was sick on the side of the road from the nerves. When he got back in the taxi he noticed that the **robbers** had left the guns and a big black **sack** in the taxi.

argue *v.* fight

swear *n.* call names on

immediately *adv.* at once

chase *v.* follow; run after

safe *adj.* not in danger

robber *n.* thief

sack *n.* bag

4 David looked in the bag. It was full of foreign **currency**. Dollars, German marks, French francs and Japanese yen. There was so much money in the bag that when David took the money home and started counting it, he got **bored** and never counted it all; he said he had counted for more than five hours but as the money was in different currencies it had got very **complicated**. There was even money from countries he didn't **recognize**.

currency <i>n.</i> foreign money	bored <i>adj.</i> tired
Complicated <i>adj.</i> not simple; complex	recognize <i>v.</i> know

5 David had little **choice** but to **hand** the money **in** because he was, of course, worried about the guns. However, he never received any **compensation** and the two men were never **arrested**.

choice <i>n.</i> selection; option	hand in <i>v.</i> give back; return
compensation <i>n.</i> award; reward	arrest <i>v.</i> catch; capture; hold

6 In a radio **interview** some years later, he **admitted** that he **regretted** not keeping the money. He also **confessed** that his wife had wanted him to 'sit and wait and see what happens'. There was nearly one million pounds worth of **used** foreign currency.

interview <i>n.</i> talk	admit <i>v.</i> accept
regret <i>v.</i> feel sorry; be sorry	confess <i>v.</i> admit; accept
used <i>adj.</i> old	

INSIDEOUT Intermediate *Resource Pack*

B. Comprehension Check

B1. Write T if the sentence is true. Write F if it is false according to the text you read.

- 1. Financial center is a place where you can buy a car.
- 2. The two men came running by and asked the driver to take them home.
- 3. David was very surprised and didn't know what to do.
- 4. The masked men were very worried.

-
- 5. The sack was full of foreign money.
 - 6. It was very easy for David to count the money.
 - 7. The two nervous men were at last arrested by the police.
 - 8. David said that he was sorry he didn't keep the money.

B2. Answer the following questions according to the text above.

1. What was David Smith?

.....

What color was David Smith's taxi?

.....

3. Why did David stop his taxi?

.....

4. What did the two men ask David to do when they got on his taxi?

.....

5. How did David feel when he was driving?

.....

6. What did the thieves leave in the cab?

.....

B3. Choose the best answers.

1. Why was the driver not able to count the money.
 - a. It was in different currencies.
 - b. The sack contained a lot of money.
 - c. There were two bags full of money.
 - d. He was afraid of the guns the robbers had left.

- 2. Dollars, pounds, marks, francs and yen are
 - a. the same all over the world
 - b. metal and paper money
 - c. different currencies
 - d. money in the bag
- 3. How did David feel when he tried to count the money?
 - a. He got angry.
 - b. He was worried.
 - c. He became bored.
 - d. He felt complicated.
- 4. Why did David have to hand the money in?
 - a. He was afraid of the robbers.
 - b. He got angry at the police.
 - c. The notes were old.
 - d. There were the guns.
- 5. What did David regret?
 - a. That he hadn't kept the money.
 - b. That he was not ready to talk.
 - c. That he kept the money at home.
 - d. That he hadn't returned the money.

C. Vocabulary

C1. Find words or phrases in the text that mean the same as the following.

- 1. before now (1) -----
- 2. special; specific (1) -----
- 3. returning (1) -----
- 4. all of a sudden (1) -----

-
5. talking loudly (2) -----
6. really (2) -----
7. escaped (2) -----
8. ill (3) -----
9. returned (3) -----
10. began (4) -----
11. option (5) -----
12. confessed (6) -----

C2. Find words or phrases in the text that mean opposite of the following.

1. a lot of; many (1) -----
2. out of (1) -----
3. stop (3) -----
4. got in (3) -----
5. slowly (3) -----
6. in danger (3) -----
7. simple (4) -----
8. send; take (4) -----

C3. Fill in the blanks with the words you choose from the table below.

Noun	Verb	Adjective	Adverb
driver	drive	driven	_____
_____	warm	warm	warmly
luck	_____	lucky	luckily
safety	save	safe	safely
complication	complicate	complicated	_____

1. David handed the sack full of currencies and sound.
2. The robbers expected David to accept their order..... .
3. David was a good and the streets were not so busy.
4. David would have the problem if he hadn't obeyed.
5. He was enough that the robbers let him alone.
6. The money had been put in the sack.

C4. Match the underlined words or phrases in column I with their definitions in column II. Write a, b, c, etc. in parentheses.

- | | |
|---|------------------------|
| 1. One day David was working
on his <u>shift</u> as a taxi driver. () | a. full of |
| 2. They <u>were</u> both <u>wearing</u> masks
and had guns in their hands. () | b. place; view; sight |
| 3. The two men were very nervous
and one was <u>shouting</u> at the other. () | c. was sorry for |
| 4. They quickly got away from the
<u>scene</u> of the crime. () | d. turn for working |
| 5. David drove for at least 20 minutes
until he felt <u>safe</u> . () | e. not in danger |
| 6. Later he admitted that he <u>regretted</u>
not keeping the money. () | f. had on |
| | g. beat with his fist |
| | h. talking very loudly |

C5. Complete the following table. Use the information in the text.

Adjective	Adverb
complete	
lucky	
quick	
sudden	
immediate	
financial	
safe	

D. Grammar**D1. Be: Present Simple****Be** در زمان حال ساده

به نمونه هائی از be در زمان حال ساده توجه کنید.

*This is my brother. He's ten years old.**I'm a student. These **are** my books.**They **aren't** at home. They're at the theatre.*

زمان حال ساده فعل to be را به قرار زیر می سازیم:

Positive**FULL FORM****SHORT FORM****Singular**

I am

I'm

you are
he/she/it isyou're
he's/she's/it's**Plural**we are
you are
they arewe're
you're
they're**Negative****FULL FORM****SHORT FORM****Singular**I am not
you are not
he/she/it is notI'm not
you aren't
he/she/it isn't

Plural	we are not	we aren't
	you are not	you aren't
	they are not	they aren't

درمحاوره معمولاً از شکل کوتاه استفاده می کنیم:

*She's my sister. He's my brother.
I'm from Tabriz. They're German.*

از فعل **to be** استفاده می کنیم تا:

1. to say who we are

بگوئیم که هستیم:

*I'm Sima and this is my friend Bita. We're from Iran.
I'm Janet and these are my sisters. This is Sandra and this is Patricia.
Sandra and Patricia are students.*

2. to talk about the weather:

درباره آب و هوا حرف بزنیم:

*It's cold today. It's a beautiful day.
It's usually hot here. It isn't very warm today.*

3. to talk about the time:

درباره زمان صحبت بکنیم:

*It's ten o'clock. It's half past four.
You're late!*

4. to talk about places:

درباره مکان حرف بزنیم:

*Milan is in the north of Italy.
Arash and Maryam are in Tehran.*

5. to talk about people's ages:

درباره سن افراد صحبت بکنیم:

My sister is six years old.

Exercise 1. Maryam is from Turkey. She is writing about herself and her family. Put full forms of *be* in the gaps.

Examples: I **am** a student from Turkey.
My parents **are not** (not) rich.

1. My father a teacher.
2. My mother (not) Turkish.
3. She from Pakistan.
4. I twenty years old.
5. My little brother two.
6. My older brothers (not) students.
7. They in the army.
8. It (not) often very hot in Turkey.

Exercise2. Now fill these gaps. This time, use short forms of *be*.

Example: I *m* a student. I *m not* (not) a doctor.

1. She (not) a teacher.
2. He a student.
3. They at home.
4. They (not) in the park.
5. It (not) cold today.
6. It eight o'clock.
7. We from Iran.
8. We (not) from Paris.
9. You (not) twenty-nine years old.
10. I (not) twenty-four.

Exercise3. Choose words from the box to put in the gaps.

He's She's They're It's (2) are is We isn't

Example: My parents live in Abadan. **They're** teachers.

1. New York in England in America.
2. Paul from Germany. German.